## **Statement of Verification**

BREG EN EPD No.: 000465

Issue 01

This is to verify that the

## **Environmental Product Declaration**

provided by:

**Paragon Carpet Tiles** 

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

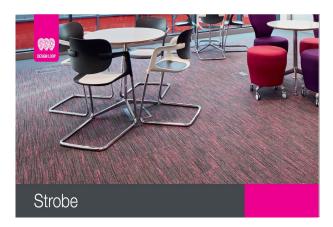
and

### BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for: 1 m<sup>2</sup> Strobe nylon 6 loop pile tufted bitumen backed carpet tile, total tile weight 4.4 kg/m2

### **Company Address**

Paragon Carpets - A Division of National Floorcoverings Ltd Farfield Park, South Yorkshire, S63 5DB



BRE/Global

EPD

TIP



FBaker

Signed for BRE Global Ltd

l Operator

Emma Baker

23 October 2022 Date of this Issue

23 October 2022 Date of First Issue 22 October 2027 Expiry Date



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## **Environmental Product Declaration**

### EPD Number: 000465

### **General Information**

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules					
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013					
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool					
Paragon Carpets - A Division of National Floorcoverings Ltd Farfield Park, Manvers, Wath upon Dearne, Rotherham, South Yorkshire, S63 5DB	Andrew Dutfield/ BRE LINA 2.0					
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage					
1 m <sup>2</sup> Strobe nylon 6 loop pile tufted bitumen backed carpet tile, total tile weight 4.4 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	Product Average.					
EPD Type	Background database					
Cradle to Gate	Ecoinvent v3.2					
Demonstra	tion of Verification					
CEN standard EN 15	5804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup>					
Independent verification of the declara	ation and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010					
	riate <sup>b</sup> )Third party verifier: ligel Jones					
a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory	for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)					
Comparability						
Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance						

#### Information modules covered

	Duralia		0					Use sta	ge				End	- 6 126 -		Benefits and loads beyond
	Produc	τ	Const	ruction	Rel	ated to	the bui	lding fa	ıbric	Relat the bu			End-of-life			the system boundary
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
$\checkmark$	V	$\mathbf{\nabla}$														

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

#### Manufacturing site(s)

Paragon Carpets - A Division of National Floorcoverings Ltd Farfield Park, Manvers, Wath upon Dearne, Rotherham, South Yorkshire, S63 5DB

### **Construction Product**

#### **Product Description**

The following products are inclu	uded in this EPD:	
Product	Pile weight (g/m <sup>2</sup> )	Total tile weight (g/m <sup>2</sup> )
Strobe	610	4400
Workspace Linear	600	4380
Workspace Evolve	580	4370
Workspace Loop	580	4360
Diversity/Diversity Groove	500	4280
Vital	450	4030

Style: Tufted 1/10" Gauge Loop Pile Tile Yarn Construction: 100% Solution dyed/ Space dyed nylon 6 Backing: 100% Envirobase - minimum of 75% recycled material

#### **Technical Information**

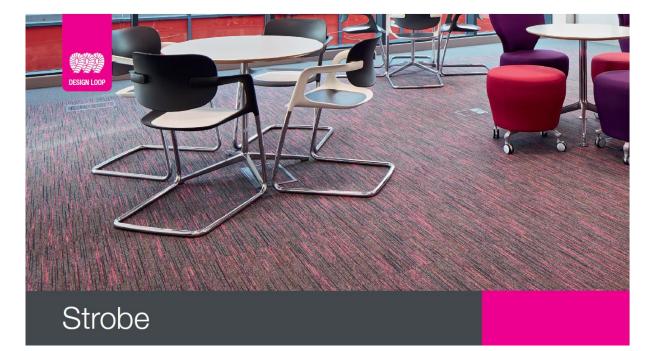
Property		Value, Unit		
Colour Fastness Light (BS	5 EN ISO 105:B02)	>6		
Shampoo (BS 1006:UK-TI	4-5			
Dry Rubbing (BS EN ISO	4-5			
Wet Rubbing (BS EN ISO	105:X12)	4-5		
BS5287 Assessment and tested to BS4790 (Hot Me	labelling of Textile Floorcovering tal Nut Test)	Low Radius of Char		
Flammability BS EN 1350	1	Class Bfl-s1		
VOC Content in relation to	E1			
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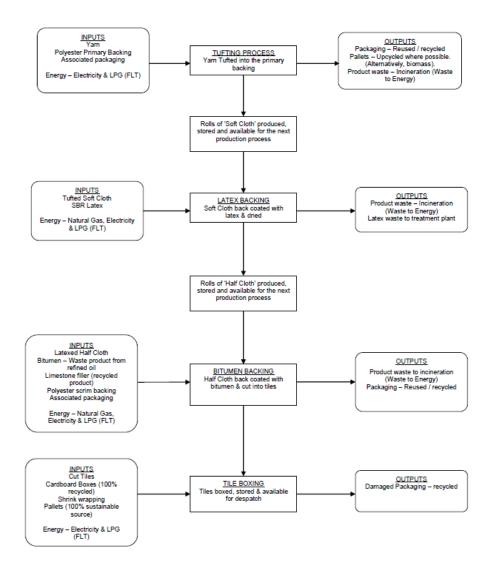
#### **Main Product Contents**

Material/Chemical Input	%
Nylon 6 yarn	13.9
Primary backing	2.0
Latex	15.9
Bitumen	15.4
Filler	51.6
Secondary backing	1.1

#### **Manufacturing Process**

Yarn is tufted into the primary backing during the tufting process which produces rolls of soft cloth. The soft cloth is coated in latex, heated and then dried, ready for the secondary backing process. The bitumen secondary backing, including the limestone filler and scrim, is then applied to the latex coated soft cloth and the carpet is cut into tiles by a machine. The 'off-cuts' are sent to incineration and the carpet tiles are boxed and shrink wrapped ready for dispatch.

#### **Process flow diagram**



#### Manufacturing Flow Diagram

#### **Construction Installation**

The method of installation should conform to BS5325. Tiles should be allowed to condition for 24 hrs at the expected temperature and humidity levels.

#### **Use Information**

Daily vacuuming with a twin motored upright vacuum cleaner, preferably with an adjustable head, is recommended. It is essential to remove all loose soil daily because if left to build up, the particles of dirt are much harder to remove and are more damaging to the fibre structure, thereby decreasing the life of the carpet. Attention should be given to areas where there is extra traffic and in entrances to buildings where extra vacuuming is necessary.

Depending on the level of installation trafficking, the carpet should be periodically deep cleaned using high performance hot water extraction equipment. Rotary brush cleaning not recommended. A reputable contract cleaner should be used, preferably NCCA registered (for NCCA details visit www.ncca.co.uk). It is important that the carpet is deep cleaned at least once a year.

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#### End of Life

Paragon Carpet Tiles operates a zero landfill policy. At present the most practical, current alternative to landfill is energy recovery where the uplifted product is used as a fuel.

### Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

#### **Declared unit description**

1 m<sup>2</sup> Strobe nylon 6 loop pile tufted bitumen backed carpet tile, total tile weight 4.4 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

#### System boundary

This is a cradle-to-gate LCA, reporting all production life cycle stages of modules A1 to A3 in accordance with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.

#### Data sources, quality and allocation

Strobe declared unit is 1 m<sup>2</sup> of product with a weight of 4.4 kg/m<sup>2</sup>. This is the highest weight of this group of products and was chosen to represent the group as a worst-case scenario. The manufacturing data supplied relates to the Manvers site and covers the working period 1<sup>st</sup> January 2020 to 31<sup>st</sup> December 2020. The site manufactures other products in addition to Strobe. Allocations have been made according to the following table:

Raw materials	Production by mass x % of recipe
Packaging, energy, water, general waste, production waste	% of total production by m <sup>2</sup>

Allocations at both sites have been made according to the provisions of the BRE PCR PN514 and EN 15804.

Secondary data have been drawn from the BRE LINA database v2.0.87 and the background LCI datasets are based on ecoinvent v3.2 (2015).

Quality Level	Quality Level Geographical representativeness		Time representativeness
Very Good	Data from area under study	Data from processes and products under study. Same state of technology applied as defined in goal and scope (i.e. identical technology)	n/a
Fair	n/a	n/a	Less than 10 years of difference between the reference year according to the documentation, and the time period for which data are representative

The quality level of geographical and technical representativeness is Very Good. The quality level of time representativeness is Fair as the background LCI datasets are based on ecoinvent v3.2 which was compiled in 2015 and so there is less than 10 years between the reference year according to the documentation, and the time period for which data are representative.

#### **Cut-off criteria**

All raw materials and energy input to the manufacturing process have been included, except for direct emissions to air, water and soil, which are not measured. The inventory process in this LCA includes all data related to raw material, packaging material, ancillary and consumable items. Process energy, water use, water discharge and waste are included.

#### **LCA Results**

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated) Parameters describing environmental impacts

				GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF
			kg CO <sub>2</sub> equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO₂ equiv.	kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.	
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	1.11E+01	6.48E-07	5.32E-02	1.47E-02	8.09E-03	1.39E-04	2.18E+02	
	Transport	A2	9.90E-02	1.82E-08	3.32E-04	8.74E-05	5.78E-05	2.60E-07	1.49E+00	
	Manufacturing	A3	7.60E-01	6.09E-08	2.69E-03	1.12E-03	2.52E-04	1.39E-06	1.03E+01	
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.20E+01	7.27E-07	5.62E-02	1.59E-02	8.40E-03	1.40E-04	2.30E+02	

GWP = Global Warming Potential;

ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential;

AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water;

EP = Eutrophication Potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;

Parameters describing resource use, primary energy									
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT	
		MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ		
	Raw material supply	A1	7.80E+00	7.73E-02	7.88E+00	1.99E+02	7.55E+01	2.75E+02	
Broduct stops	Transport	A2	1.99E-02	7.39E-08	1.99E-02	1.48E+00	0.00E+00	1.48E+00	
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	2.94E+00	1.38E-06	2.94E+00	1.20E+01	0.00E+00	1.20E+01	
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.08E+01	7.73E-02	1.08E+01	2.13E+02	7.55E+01	2.75E+02	

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource

#### Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water

			,			
				RSF	NRSF	FW
		kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³	
	Raw material supply	A1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.67E-01
Product stage	Transport	A2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.24E-04
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.54E-03
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.70E-01

SM = Use of secondary material;

RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels;FW = Net use of fresh water

#### LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing waste categories								
			HWD	NHWD	RWD			
			kg	kg	kg			
	Raw material supply	A1	1.29E-01	3.08E-01	5.40E-04			
Product stage	Transport	A2	6.26E-04	6.96E-02	1.03E-05			
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	1.40E-02	1.18E-01	4.98E-05			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.44E-01	4.96E-01	6.00E-04			

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed;

NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed;

RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

Other environmental information describing output flows – at end of life
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		CRU	MFR	MER	EE	
		kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier	
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	A2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Manufacturing	A3	0.00E+00	2.80E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00E+00	2.80E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

CRU = Components for reuse;

MFR = Materials for recycling

MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy

### Interpretation

Analysis of the results shows that the following raw materials have the highest and second highest impacts for the selected indicators:

Indicator	Highest impact	2nd highest impact
GWP	Nylon 6 (70.9%)	Latex (17.9%)
ODP	Bitumen (41.7%)	Latex (28.2%)
AP	Nylon 6 (64.8%)	Latex (17.6%)
EP	Nylon 6 (63.8%)	Latex (16.4%)
POCP	Nylon 6 (54.3%)	Latex (28.9%)
ADPE	Latex (57.2%)	Nylon 6 (34.8%)
ADPF	Nylon 6 (48.7%)	Latex (27.0%)

#### References

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BSI. Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part B02: Colour fastness to artificial light: Xenon arc fading lamp test. BS EN ISO 105-B02:2014.

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BSI. Methods of Test for Colour Fastness of Textiles and Leather. BS 1006, 1990 Edition, October 31, 1990

BSI. Fire classification of construction products and building elements. Classification using data from reaction to fire tests. BS EN 13501-1:2018.

BSI. Resilient, textile and laminate floor coverings - Essential characteristics (incorporating corrigenda Nos. 1 and 2) (Withdrawn). BS EN 14041:2004.